THE DISCIPLINE OF PRAYER Pt 2

- ★ the <u>effective</u> prayer of a righteous person can accomplish much (James 5:16b-18)
 - 1754 ἐνεργέω energeo
 - = to be operative
 - = to be effectually at work
 - = to put forth power
- * effective prayer, prayer that "works" means:
- 1. praying in Jesus' name
 - this is more than just saying "in Jesus' name" at the end of our prayers
 - we acknowledge Jesus as the only way we can approach the Father
 - we recognize Him as our high priest who intercedes for us
 - we come before God on Jesus' authority, not our own
 - our prayers and requests are consistent with His character, His ways and His will
 - (Jn 14:13-14, 15:16, 16:23; 1 John 5:14-15)
- 2. praying in the Spirit
 - in the power of, and by the leading of the Holy Spirit
 - to pray in concert with the Holy Spirit, according to the will of God
 - putting no confidence in the flesh

(Eph 6:18; Ph 3:3)

- 3. praying in faith = a settled assurance
 - faith is not ever wishful thinking
 - faith is in God and in His Word
 - without faith, if there is doubt the prayer will not be answered

(Mk 11:24; Ro 10:17; Ja 1:5-8)

- 4. praying according to the will of God
 - we can be confident God will answer when our prayer is according to a word or promise of Scripture
 - knowledge of Scripture is the basis of prayer – we can pray the Word of God
 - if the Bible doesn't speak about a particular issue we are praying about we must
 - a) ask God for understanding and wisdom
 - b) pray as it seems right to us but add "if it is Your will"

(1 Jn 5:14-15; Mt 6:10; Acts 4:25-26; Ja 1:5-8)

- 5. praying with humility
 - reflects that we are aware that we are speaking to the God of the universe
 - humble prayer is exemplified in the prayer of the tax collector in Luke 18
 - humility before God leads to exaltation by God

(Isa 57:15, 66:1-2; Ja 4:6; Lk 18:9-14; Ja 4:10)

6. praying with persistence

(Lk 11:5-10; Lk 18:1-8)

- 335 ἀναίδεια anaideia
 - = shamelessness, impudence
 - = boldness, insolence
 - = lack of sensitivity to what is proper
- a) Jesus commanded that we persistently keep on asking, seeking, knocking
- b) from Paul's epistles:
 - Paul constantly prays night and day
 - continue steadfastly in prayer
 - devote yourselves to prayer
 - pray at all times
 - pray without ceasing

(2 Ti 1:3; Ro 12:12; Co 4:2; Eph 6:18; 1 Th 5:17)

- c) the early church
 - were continually devoting themselves to prayer
 - offered constant prayer for Peter in prison
 (Acts 2:42, 12:5)
- d) before Jesus
 - Daniel persisted even though it meant the lions' den
 - Nehemiah prayed day and night for the sons of Israel
 - Anna served in the temple night and day with fastings and prayer

(Dan 6:10; Neh 1:6; Lk 2:36-38)